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Phenotyping a dynamic trait: leaf growth response to environmental restrictions

Kristina Jaškūnė

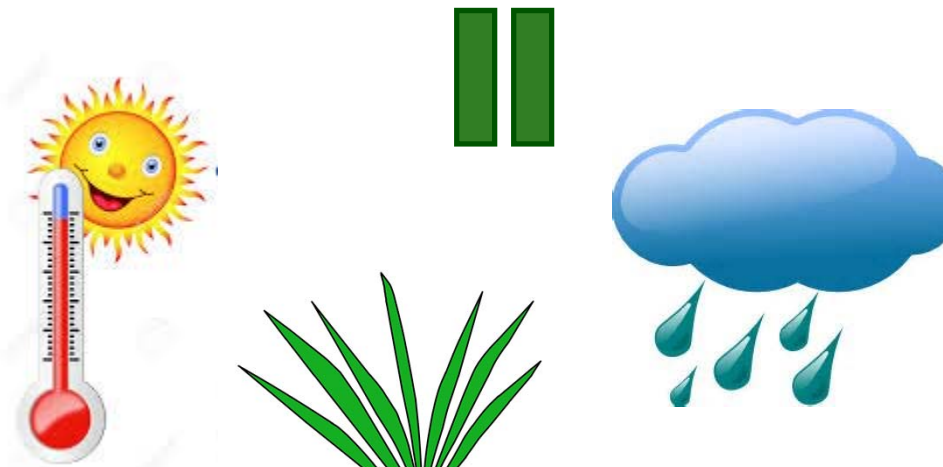


Drought in temperate regions?

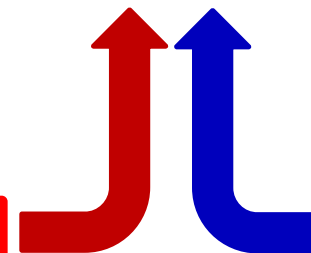
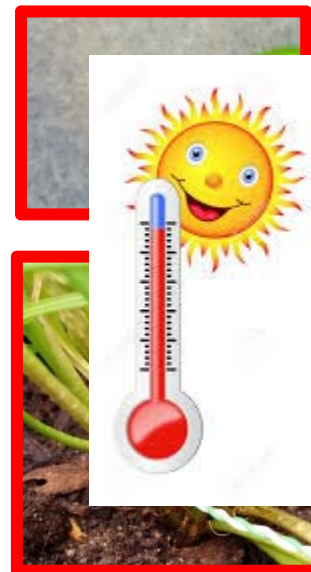
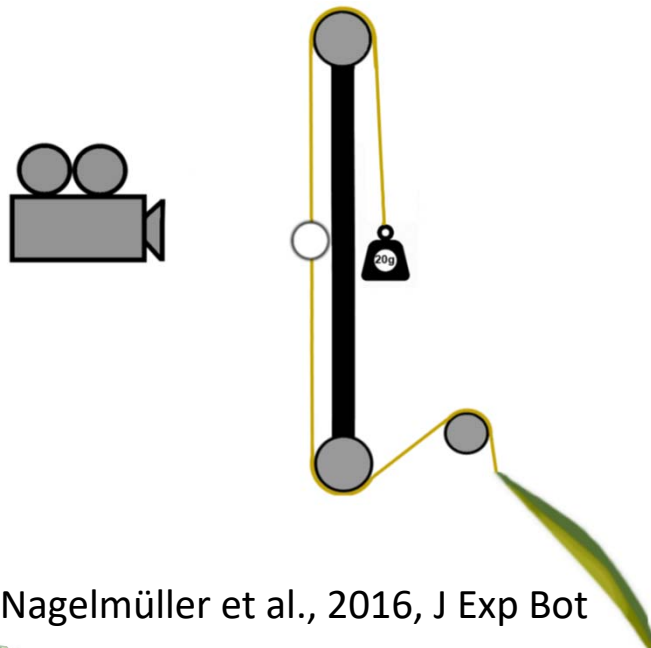
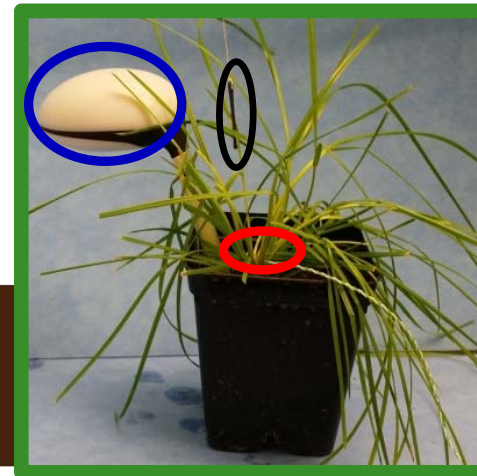
- Drought is a major limitation in crop productivity
- The frequency, severity and duration are predicted to increase
- Drought cost CHF 500 Million, Switzerland, 2003
- Maize yield reduction by 27.5%, USA, 2012
- ~20% of forage crop yield loss, Lithuania, 2015, 2018, 2019



Improving drought tolerance

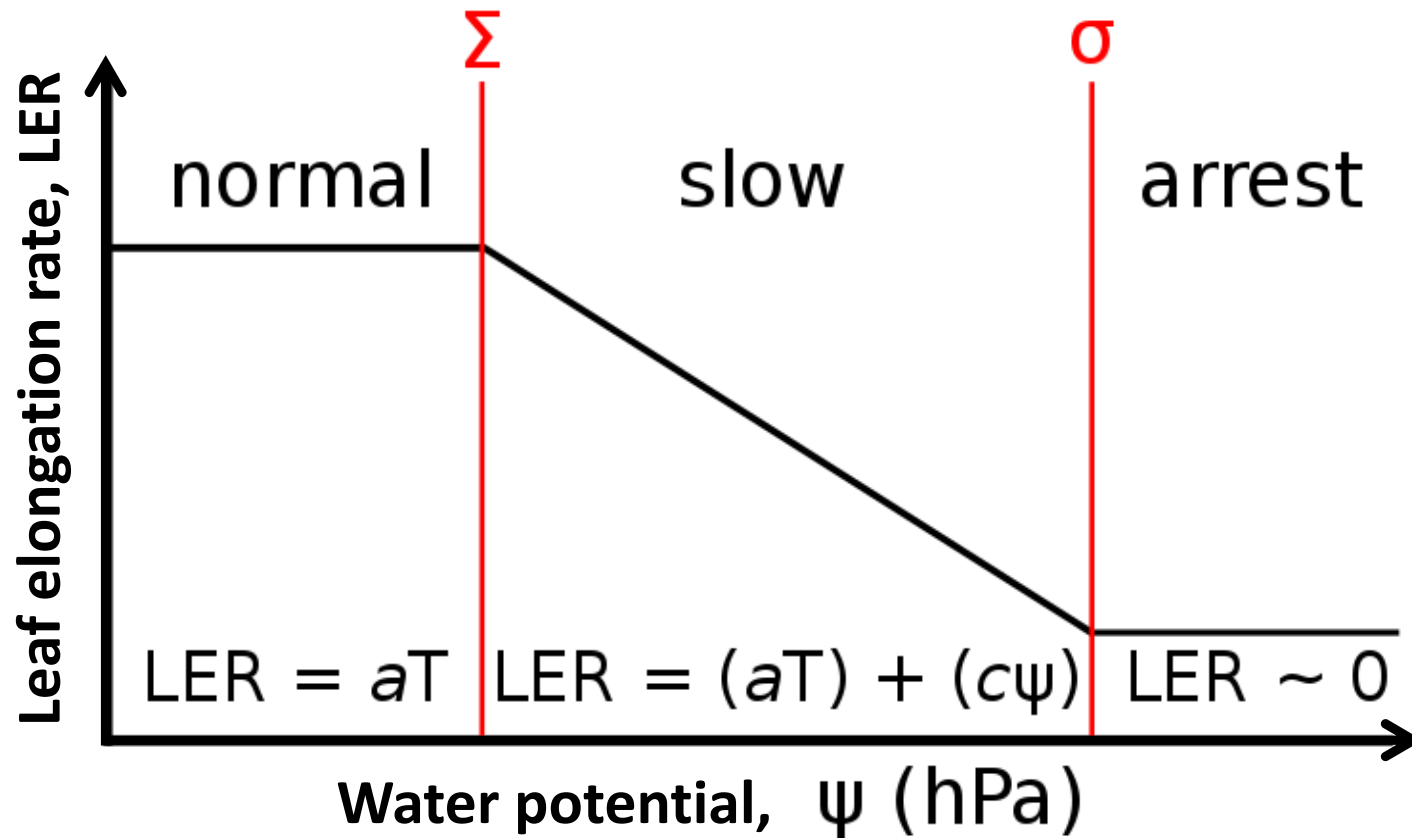


Phenotyping platform



Nagelmüller et al., 2016, J Exp Bot

Leaf growth under water deficit

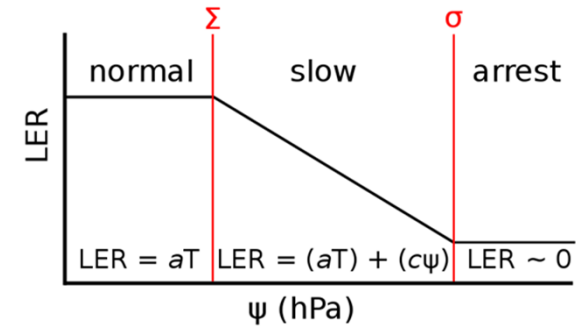


T = temperature

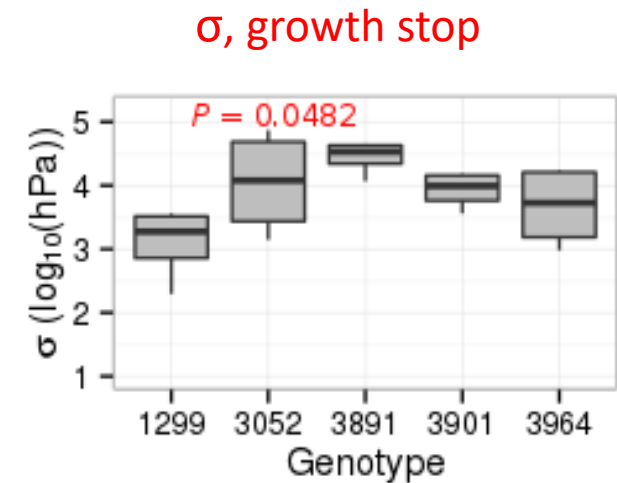
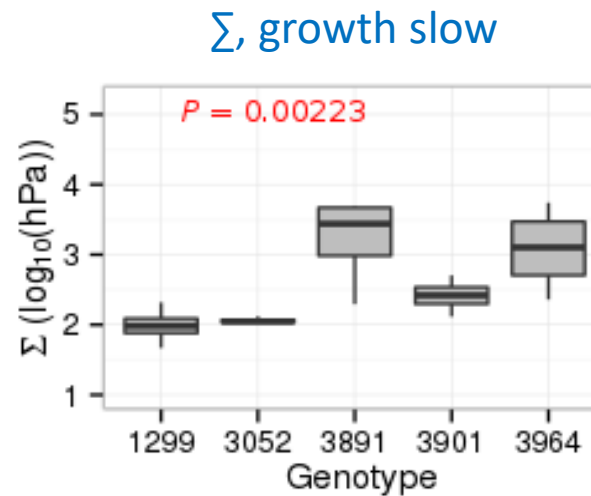
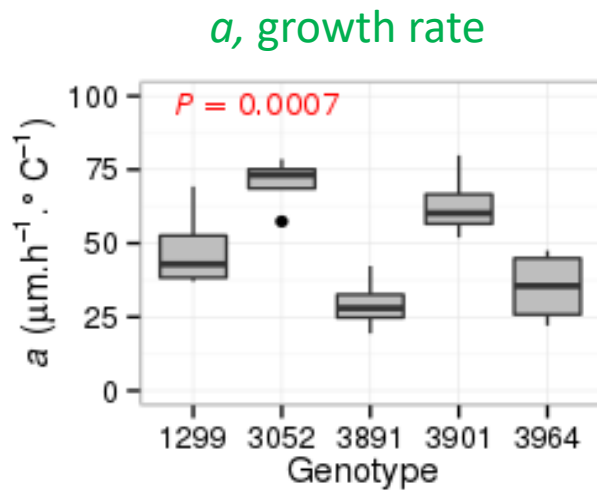
a, c = genotypic response

Leaf growth under water deficit

The phenotyping approach enables to determine when water potential (Ψ) slows (Σ) and arrests (σ) leaf elongation rate (LER)



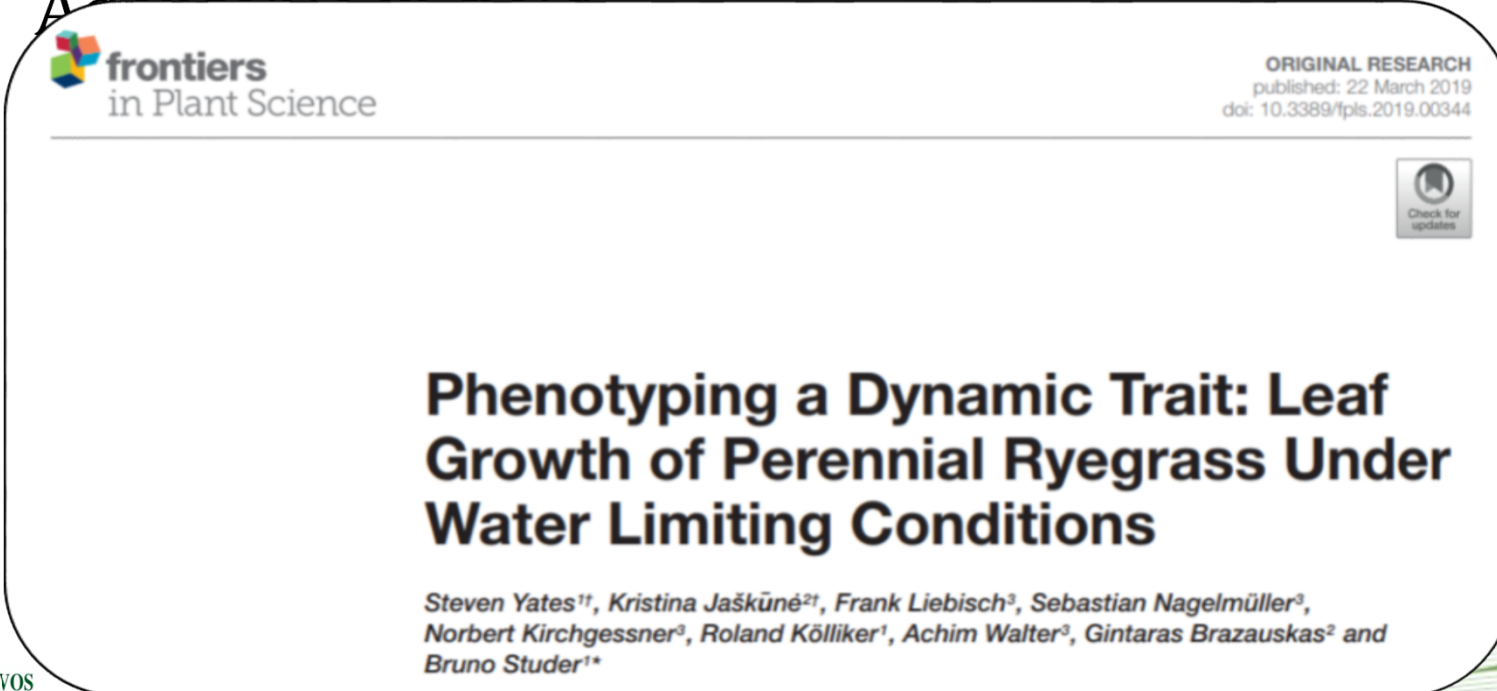
Genotypic differences



Applicability of the approach

- Determines genotypic response to water stress
- Time independent phenotypic response
- Non-invasive, labour and cost effective

• **Applied in field**



The screenshot shows the title page of a research article. At the top left is the 'frontiers in Plant Science' logo. At the top right, it says 'ORIGINAL RESEARCH', 'published: 22 March 2019', and 'doi: 10.3389/fpls.2019.00344'. Below this is a 'Check for updates' button. The main title is 'Phenotyping a Dynamic Trait: Leaf Growth of Perennial Ryegrass Under Water Limiting Conditions'. The authors listed are Steven Yates^{1†}, Kristina Jaškūnė^{2†}, Frank Liebisch³, Sebastian Nagelmüller³, Norbert Kirchgessner³, Roland Kölliker¹, Achim Walter³, Gintaras Brazauskas² and Bruno Studer^{1*}.

frontiers
in Plant Science

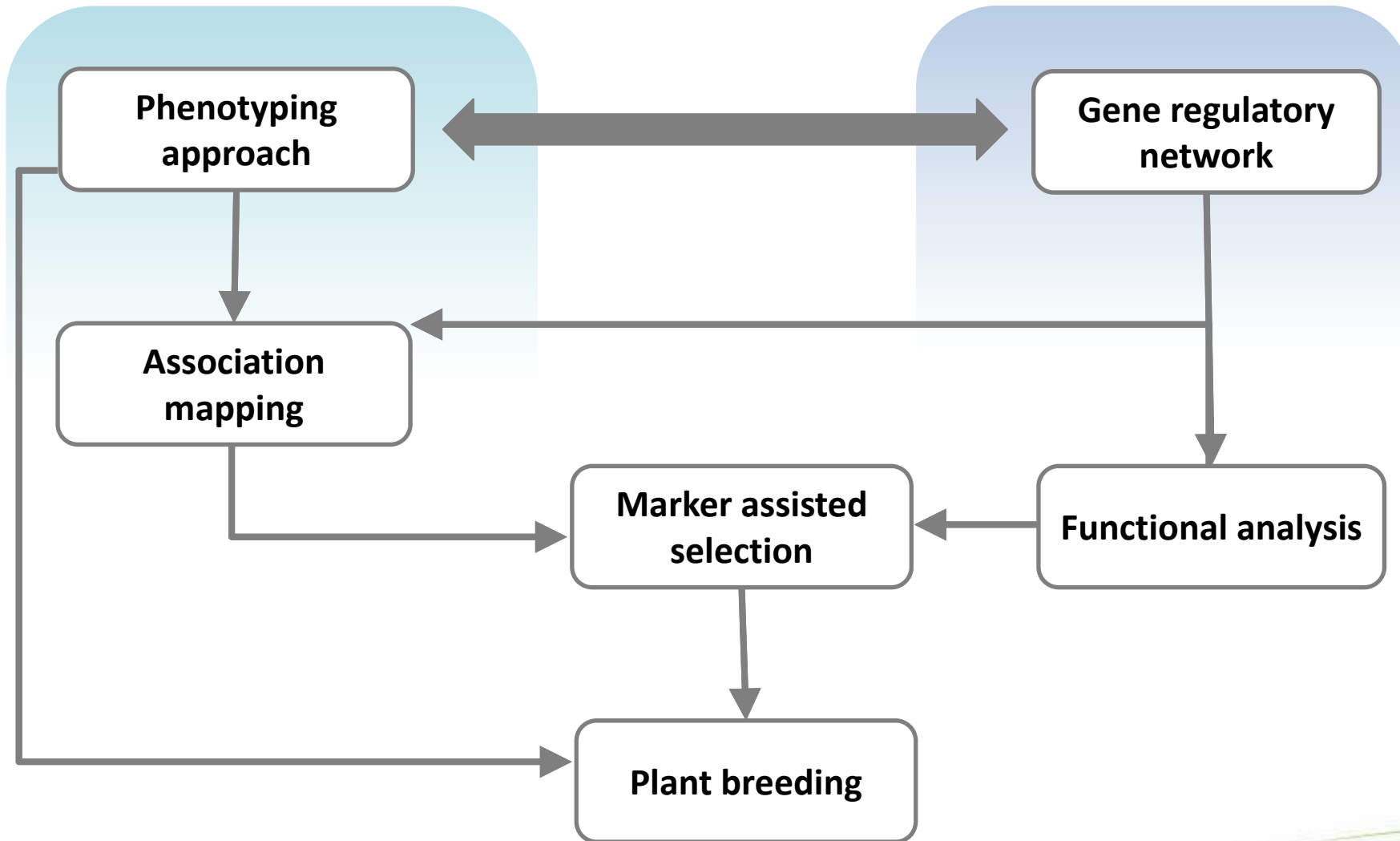
ORIGINAL RESEARCH
published: 22 March 2019
doi: 10.3389/fpls.2019.00344

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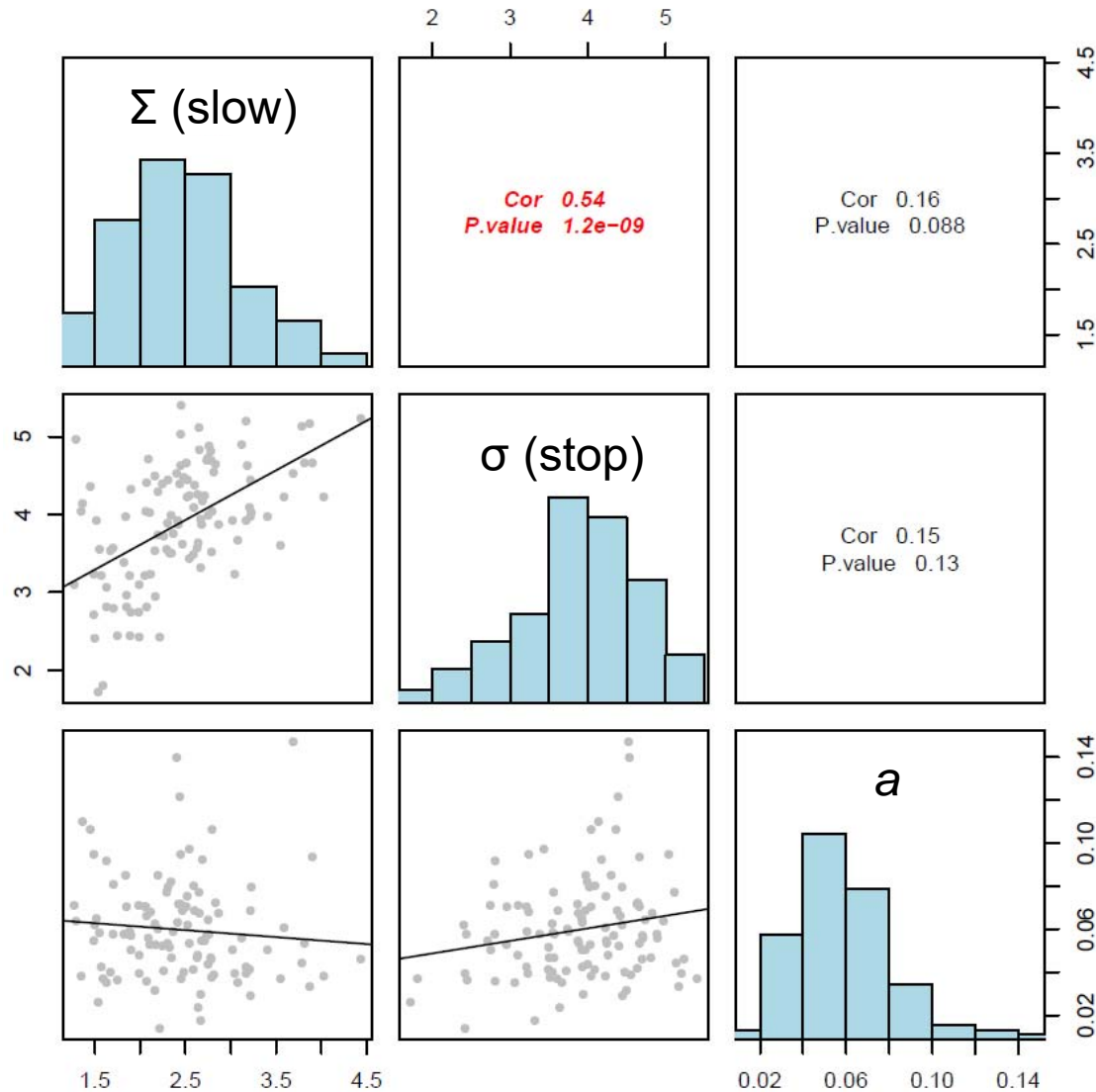
Phenotyping a Dynamic Trait: Leaf Growth of Perennial Ryegrass Under Water Limiting Conditions

Steven Yates^{1†}, Kristina Jaškūnė^{2†}, Frank Liebisch³, Sebastian Nagelmüller³, Norbert Kirchgessner³, Roland Kölliker¹, Achim Walter³, Gintaras Brazauskas² and Bruno Studer^{1*}

Outlook

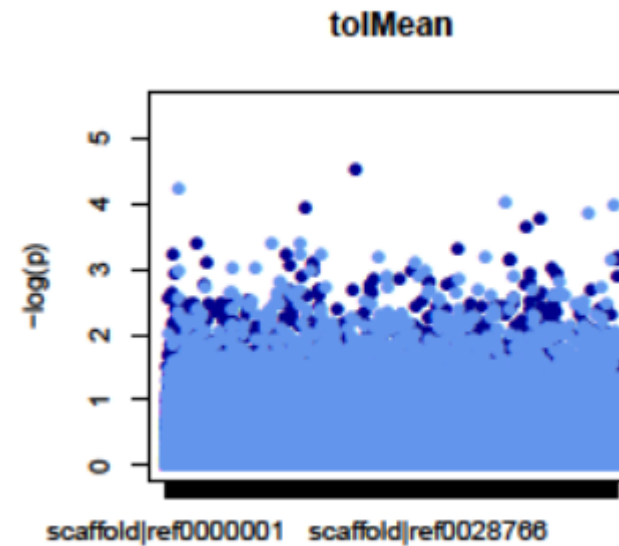
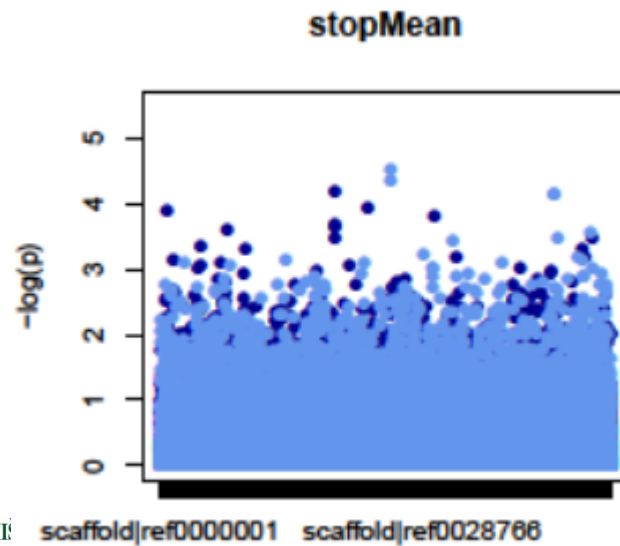
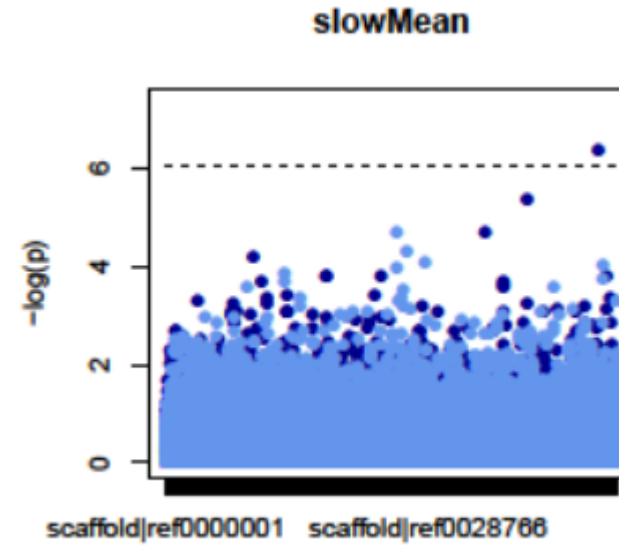
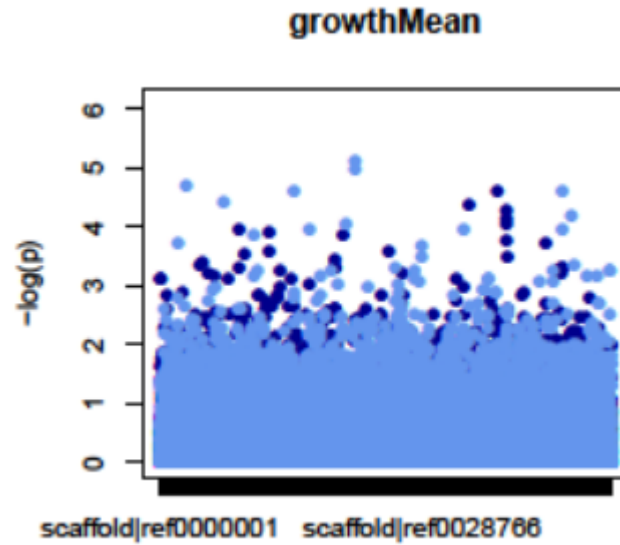


Growth response of different genotypes



- Data from 216 genotypes (association mapping panel)
- H^2
 - $\Sigma = 67.98\%$
 - $\sigma = 67.03\%$
 - $A = 63.67\%$
- Correlation between drought response (slow and stop)
- No correlation between drought response and growth rate
- Indicates that an active process limits growth

GWAS



Leaf growth of winter wheat during cold acclimation as an indicator for winter survival



Thanks

- Dr. Steven Yates, Prof. Bruno Studer, Prof. Achim Walter, dr. Frank Liebisch, dr. Norbert Kirchgessner (ETH Zürich)
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